

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please accept the following specification paragraphs in re-written "clean form".

A clean version of the paragraph bridging pages 5 and 6 follows:

C1  
[The specified element can be contained in the toner, for example, in a form of pigment, charge controlling agent or metal oxide, although may be contained in a form of elemental metal. Concretely, the specified element can be contained by adding into a component of toner, for example, a pigment such as copper phthalocyanine pigment, a magnetic powder such as magnetite and ferrite, and a charge controlling agent such as an chromium azo complex, a chromium salicylic acid complex, a zinc salicylic acid complex, a zinc salicylic acid complex and a molybdenum quaternary ammonium complex.]

After the second paragraph on page 7, please insert the following paragraph:

C2  
[ - The "isolation ratio" of the specified element is a ratio (% by number) of the number of the particles containing the specified element other than the colored particle, for example, particles of the magnetic substance and the charge controlling agent, to the whole number of particles of the toner. - ]

A clean version of the paragraph on page 8, lines 12-14 follows:

C3  
[The number of the particle containing the specified element which synchronously emits light caused by the specified element with light caused by carbon atom, hereinafter referred to as synchronous light emission particle, and the number of the particle containing the specified element which emits light caused by the specified element without synchronous light emission caused by carbon atom, herein after referred to as non-synchronous light emission particle, are counted. The ratio of the number of non-synchronous light emission particle to the sum of the number of the synchronous and non-synchronous light emission particles is defined as the isolation ratio of the specified element in percent by number.]

A clean version of the paragraph bridging pages 10-11 follows:

C4  
[Practical examples of the releasing agent include polyolefin compounds such as low molecular weight polypropylene having number average molecular weight of 1,500 to 9,000, low molecular weight polyethylene, ethylene-propylene copolymer, microcrystalline wax, Carnauba wax, Sazole wax, paraffin wax, amide wax etc.]

A clean version of the paragraph on page 15, lines 9-13 follows:

C5  
A radical polymerization initiator includes a water-soluble initiator such as peroxide salt compound (for example, potassium peroxide, ammonium peroxide), salt of azobisaminodipropene acetic acid, azobiscyano valerate, azobiscyano valeric acid, and hydrogen peroxide.

A clean version of the paragraph bridging pages 20 and 21 follows:

C6  
As the polymerization initiator in the suspension polymerization method and the solution polymerization method, an oil-soluble radical polymerization initiator such as azoisobutyronitrile and lauryl peroxide, is usable. In the invention, it is preferred that the toner is prepared by the emulsion polymerization method, even though various methods can be utilized as above-mentioned. The reason of such the fact is not confirmed but the emulsion polymerization method is preferably as the preparation method of the polymerized toner in the invention since an extreme small amount of isolated substance can be formed because the compound containing the specified element is coagulated with the resin particle in the aqueous medium to form a toner in this method.

A clean version of Table 1 on pages 28-31 of the specification follows:

Table 1

			Example			
			1	2	3	4
Receipt of raw material composition of colored particle (Parts by weight)	Binder resin	Styrene-acrylate resin 1	100	100	100	100
		Styrene-acrylate resin 2				
		Polyester resin				
	Colorant	Magnetite	105	105	105	105
		Copper phthalocyanine type cyan pigment				
		Quinacridone magenta type pigment				
		Benzidine yellow type pigment				
	Mold releasing agent	Carbon black				
		Low molecular weight polypropylene	3.5	3.5	4	3.5
		Low molecular weight polyethylene				
	Charge controlling agent	Fatty acid amide wax				
		Iron-azo complex	1	1	1	0.7
		Chromium salicylic acid complex				
		Zinc salicylic acid complex				
	External additive (added amount to colored particle in parts by weight)	Molybdenum quaternary ammonium complex				
		Silica	1	1	1	1
		Positively chargeable silica				
		Titanium oxide				

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		Example			
		5	6	7	8
Receipt of raw material composition of colored particle (Parts by weight)	Binder resin	Styrene-acrylate resin 1			
		Styrene-acrylate resin 2			
		Polyester resin	100	100	100
	Colorant	Magnetite			
		Copper phthalocyanine type cyan pigment	3	3	3
		Quinacridone magenta type pigment			
		Benzidine yellow type pigment			
		Carbon black			
	Mold releasing agent	Low molecular weight polypropylene		2	2
		Low molecular weight polyethylene	3	3	.
		Fatty acid amide wax			
	Charge controlling agent	Iron/azo complex			
		Chromium salicylic acid complex			
		Zinc salicylic acid complex	2.5		
		Molybdenum quaternary ammonium complex			
External additive (added amount to colored particle in parts by weight)	Silica	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Positively chargeable silica				
	Titanium oxide	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5

*G Cont.*

*SAC* >

			Example				
			9	10	11	12	13
Receipt of raw material composi- tion of colored particle (Parts by weight)	Binder resin	Styrene-acrylate resin 1					
		Styrene-acrylate resin 2	100				
		Polyester resin		100	100	100	100
	Colorant	Magnetite					
		Copper phthalocyanine type cyan pigment					
		Quinacridone magenta type pigment		4		4	
		Benzidine yellow type pigment			4		4
		Carbon black					
	Mold releasing agent	Low molecular weight polypropylene	4	4	4	4	4
		Low molecular weight polyethylene					
		Fatty acid amide wax					
	Charge controll- ing agent	Iron-azo complex				2	2
		Chromium salicylic acid complex		2	2		
		Zinc salicylic acid complex					
		Molybdenum quaternary ammonium complex					
External additive (Added amount to colored particle in parts by weight)	Silica		2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
	Positively chargeable silica						
	Titanium oxide		0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5

*G*

Cont.

*Solv P17*

		Example			Comparative example	
		14	15	16	1	2
Receipt of raw material composition of colored particle (Parts by weight)	Binder resin	Styrene-acrylate resin 1	100	100	100	100
		Styrene-acrylate resin 2				
		Polyester resin			100	
	Colorant	Magnetite			105	
		Copper phthalocyanine type cyan pigment				
		Quinacridone magenta type pigment				
		Benzidine yellow type pigment				
	Mold releasing agent	Carbon black	10	10	10	10
		Low molecular weight polypropylene	4	4	4	4
		Low molecular weight polyethylene			4	
	Charge controlling agent	Fatty acid amide wax				
		Iron-azo complex		2.5	1	1
		Chromium salicylic acid complex	2			
		Zinc salicylic acid complex				
	External additive (Added amount to colored particle in parts by weight)	Molybdenum quaternary ammonium complex		2		
		Silica			1	2.5
		Positively chargeable silica		1		
		Titanium oxide				0.5

*C7 cont.*

A clean version of the paragraph bridging pages 33 and 34 follows:

*C8*

"To 1000 ml of the polymerizing liquid thus obtained, sodium hydroxide was added to adjust the pH to 9.5. Then 270 ml of a 2.2 mole-% solution of potassium chloride and a solution composed of 67 ml of water dissolved therein 160 ml of isopropyl alcohol, 9.0 g of polyoxyethyleneoctylphenyl ether having an average polymerization degree of 10 were further added. Thus obtained reacting liquid was maintained at 75° C and stirred for 6 hours."